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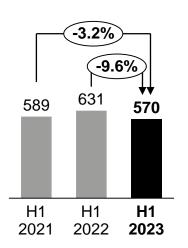
H1 results 2023

Alexander von Witzleben, Executive Chairman Daniel Wüest, Group CFO

Overview HY 2023 Key metrics (CHF M)

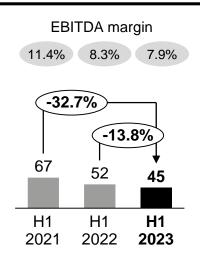
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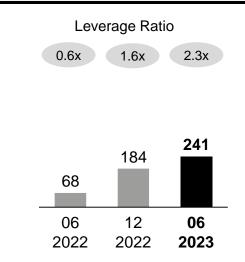
Net revenues in CHF down by 9.6% due to double-digit decline in volume in certain products (radiators, interior doors and shower enclosures) and negative FX effects – FX and acquisition adjusted down 8.1%.

EBITDA¹



Despite substantial decline in sales EBITDA margin only 0.4% points lower due to good product mix – excluding one-off higher energy costs with Doors and negative FX effects EBITDA flat compared to previous year.

Net debt/cash



Increase of net debt mainly due to seasonally lower operational CF and dividend payment – measures defined and put in place to achieve leverage well below 2x by end of year.

Topline and EBITDA negatively affected by double digit volume decline in certain product categories and FX

1 without one-time effects

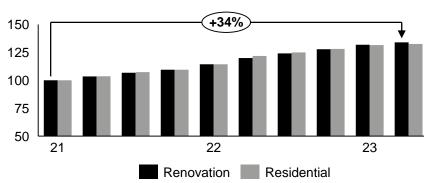
H1 2023 in context

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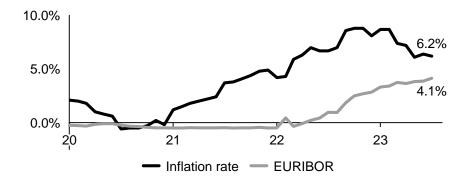
Overall slow-down in (German) construction industry due to

- high level of and slowly decreasing material prices have lead to high construction costs, while rents remained moderate
- high inflation and rising interest rates making returns on new real estate investments unattractive
- economic uncertainty and lack of alternative flats leading to fewer households moving and thus fewer empty flats ready to be renovated





Inflation rate and 12-month EURIBOR



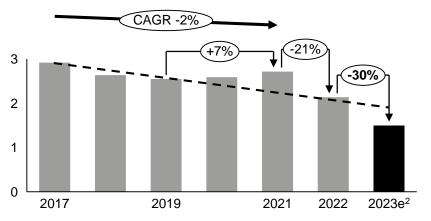
Impact on Arbonia

- 1 Destocking at wholesalers has impacted H1, but has ended (for standard doors, steel panel radiators and shower enclosures), due to economic uncertainty wholesalers have moved to smaller stocks and short-term orders
- **2** Energy cost (mainly in the Doors Division) impacting profitability
- 3 Adjustment of production footprint for design radiators and focus on cash flow
 - Very high demand for modern, energy-efficient products, leading to double-digit volume growth
 - **Demand for oil- and gas-fired heating systems surged in H1,** due to regulatory uncertainty (German household heating law), impacting all other heating installations

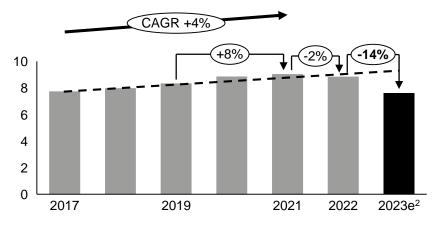
source: Destatis, European Money Markets Institute (EMMI)

1 Destocking and volume developments Steel panel radiators and interior doors

German SPR¹ market (in M units)



German interior doors market (in M units)



• Overstocking in the German market during 2021, with ~20% higher volumes in some months vs. 2020, annualised ~5% higher volumes

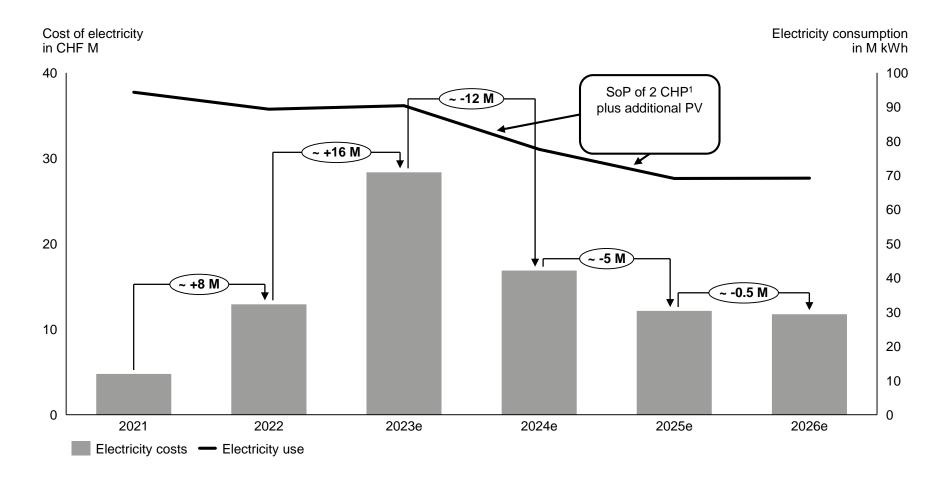
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- The number of completed flats decreased by ~4% in 2021 vs. 2020 → excess inventory >10% of volumes
- Volumes collapsed in H2 2022, with annualised ~20% decrease due to excess inventories, high costs and slow demand; volumes in H1 2023 (YTD) ~30% lower than previous year
- In previous years, a healthy order backlog provided insights into future performance
- Both lead time and size of orders have decreased significantly, making production more fragmented and leading to efficiency losses
- The resulting **decreased order backlog makes** both production planning and **forecasting difficult**
- Interior door market expected to decline, with disproportionate decrease of residential doors (~ ³/₄ of the market)

source: BDH - Bundesverband der deutschen Heizungsindustrie (07/23), Arbonia AG, B+L Marktdaten | 1 SPR: steel panel radiator | 2 estimates based on H1 2023

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2 Development of electricity consumption and cost ARBONIA



Substantial reduction through structured sourcing and own production²

1 Combined Heat & Power plants: producing electricity and heating energy in a combined, highly-efficient process 2 based on future prices and electricity costs (before taxes and other charges)

H1 results 2023 | 22 August 2023

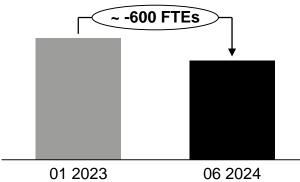
3 Accelerated cost reduction – focus on cash flow ARBONIA A Relocation of design radiator production and other measures

Concentration design radiator production

Closure of design radiator production in Dilsen (BE)

- To **improve utilisation and productivity**, the production and painting of design radiators will be moved to Stříbro (CZ) until end of Q2 2024.
- R&D centre and production of underfloor heating and ventilation systems will remain in Dilsen, as is the logistical hub for Benelux.
- Restructuring costs of CHF ~10 M will impact H2 2023, with annual net-savings of CHF ~4 M as of H2 2024.

Total personnel reduction (in FTEs)



Additional headcount adjustments (Climate and Doors Divisions)

- To counter missing volumes additional headcount measures are being implemented, on top of reducing shifts and temporary workers.
- These measures (incl. relocation Dilsen) will lead to a reduction of up to 600 FTEs and one-off costs of up to CHF 15 M (in 2023), resulting in annual net-savings of CHF 10 – 12 M.

With centralised, highly-efficient production sites Arbonia is able to quickly adjust production.



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1. Group results H1 2023

- 2. Divisions in H1 2023 and outlook
- 3. Construction environment

Questions

Income Statement Without one-time effects

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In CHF M	H1 2023	in %	H1 2022	in %
Net revenues	570.4	0 100.0	630.9	100.0
Cost of material and goods	-268.6	-47.1 0	-324.4	-51.4
Personnel expenses	-174.9	-30.7 0	-185.9	-29.5
Other operating expenses	-95.5	-16.7 (-95.2	-15.1
EBITDA	45.3	07.9	52.4	8.3
Depreciation, amortisation	-29.9	-5.2	-26.8	-4.3
EBITA	15.4	2.7	25.6	4.1
PPA amortisation	-8.8	-1.5	-7.8	-1.2
EBIT	6.6	Ø 1.2	17.8	2.8
Net financial result	-8.0	-1.4	-0.8	-0.1
Group result before income tax	-1.4	-0.2	17.0	2.7
Income tax expense	-0.3	-0.1	-5.3	-0.8
Group result	-1.7	• -0.3	11.7	1.9

T

Revenues (-9.6%)

Net revenues down due to doubledigit volume decline in certain product categories (radiators, interior doors, shower enclosures) and FX

Cost base

Decreasing material costs could not fully offset higher personal and energy costs (operating expenses)

EBITDA (-14%)

EBITDA and margin to be put into perspective of volume declines, higher energy costs and negative FX effects

EBIT (-63%)

Over-proportional decline due to lower EBITDA and higher depreciation

Group result

Negative due to lower operational profit and higher net financial result

Blue figures are adjusted for one-time effects

Income Statement As reported (CHF M)

ARBONIA 🛦

In CHF M	H1 2023	in %	H1 2022	in %
Net revenues	570.4 ⁰	100.0	630.9	100.0
Cost of material and goods	-268.6	-47.1 0	-324.4	-51.4
Personnel expenses	-175.2	-30.7	• -185.9	-29.5
Other operating expenses	-95.6	-16.8 (-95.2	-15.1
EBITDA	44.9 ⁰	₽ 7.9	52.4	8.3
Depreciation, amortisation	-29.9	-5.2	-26.8	-4.3
EBITA	15.0	2.6	25.6	4.1
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Net re time e	venues not impacted by one- ffects
	Cost base
M othe	0.3 M personnel and CHF 0.1 er operating expenses nized as one-time effects
	EBITDA / EBIT
	onsequence EBITDA and CHF -0.4 M lower
IV	Net financial result
higher	se of net financial result due to interest expenses (CHF -5 M), HF -2 M) and others (CHF -1M)

Revenues

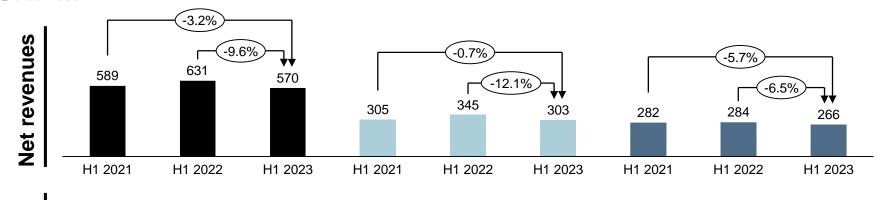
Group result

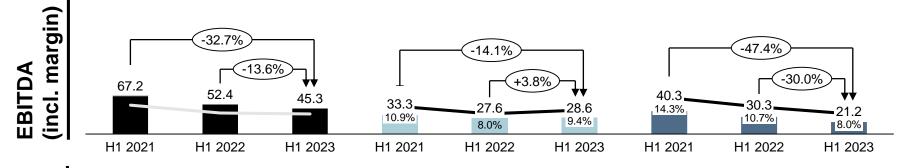
One-time effect after tax of CHF -0.3 \mbox{M}

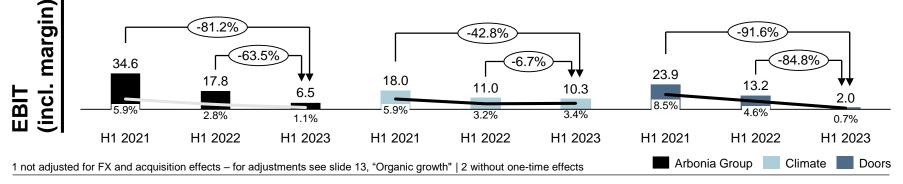
Overview H1 2023

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Performance by Group and Divisions CHF M^{1,2}

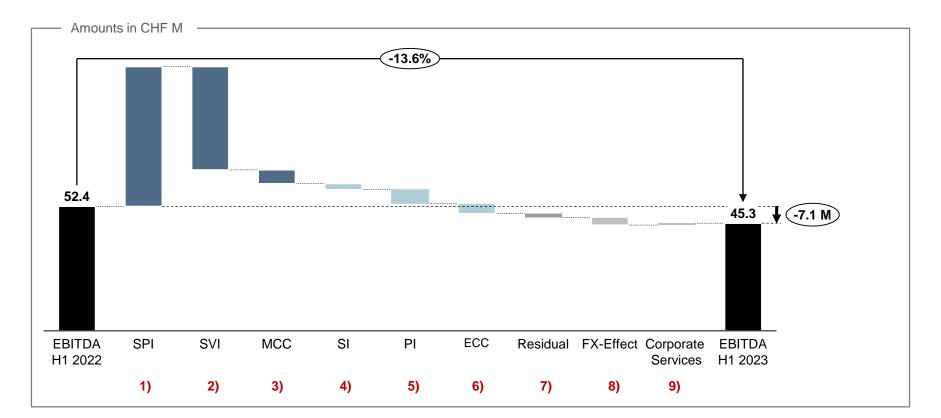






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EBITDA Bridge H1 2022 to H1 2023 Arbonia Group¹



Explanations:

- 1) SPI Sales-Price-Increase
- 2) SVI Sales-Volume-Increase (Mix)
- 3) MCC Material-Cost-Change
- 4) SI Salary-Increase
- 5) PI Productivity-Increase
- 1 without one-time effects

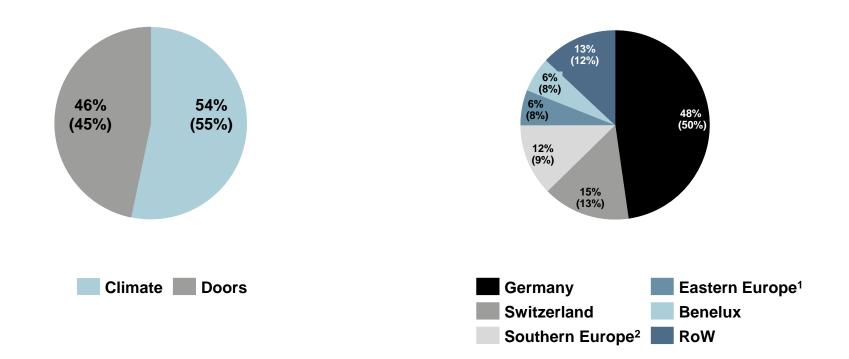
- 6) ECC Energy-Cost-Change
- 7) Residual (logistics costs, marketing, etc.)
- 8) FX-Effect
- 9) Corporate Services

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Net revenues by Division and RegionARBONIA 🍐Only marginal changes in revenue split by Division and Region

Net revenues by Division



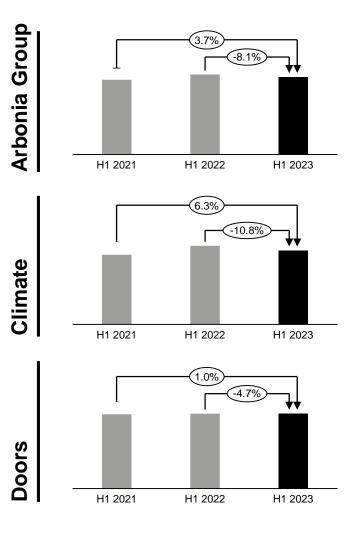
Net revenues by Region

figures in brackets show values of H1 2022 1 Eastern Europe: CZ, PL and RU 2 Southern Europe: ES, IT, PT and RS

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Overview organic revenue¹ growth HY 2021-2023 In CHF M

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1 adjusted for FX and acquisition effects

- Double-digit percentage decline in volume in combination with positive price effects led to negative organic growth of -8.1% on Group level
- Negative FX effect of c. -4% and positive acquisitions effect of c. 2%
- However, despite substantial decline in H1 2023 compared to H1 2021 positive organic growth on Group and Division level
- Climate Division heavily affected by negative, double-digit percentage volume effect which could not be compensated by product mix

- Doors Division with negative organic growth of -4.7% coming from double-digit percentage volume effect partially compensated by product mix
- Wood Solutions with lower negative organic growth than Glass Solutions

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06 2022

1 free cash flow: cash flow from operating and investing activities

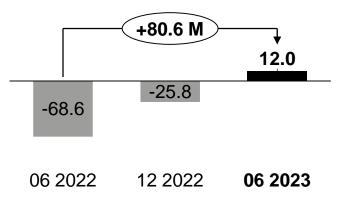
Free cash flow¹

-142.9

Cash flow statement In CHF M

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Cash flow from operating activities



+115.1 M

-245.5

12 2022

-27.8

06 2023

- Cash flow from operating activities turns positive in H1 2023 mainly due to lower seasonal increase of NWC ...
- ...despite lower operational performance compared to H1 2022

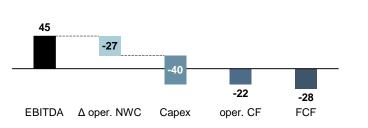
• Further positive NWC effect expected to be realised by the end of 2023

 Due to positive cash flow from operating activities and lower capex in H1 2023 free cash flow H1 2023 CHF 115 M higher than in previous period

Focus on cash flow

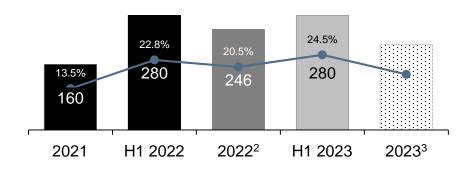
Operational performance and reduction of net working capital will lead to substantial positive cash flows





45 H1 EBITDA Δ oper. NWC Capex oper. CF FCF

Operational NWC development



- Operational profit and reduction of NWC in H2 2023 will lead to substantial operational and free cash flow in FY 2023
- Capex level slightly higher in H2 2023 than in H1 2023 but substantially below previous years in absolute and relative terms
- NWC ratio to decline to c. 18% by year end; however further reduction foreseen in the future

operating NWC = Accounts receivable + accounts receivable project business + inventories + contract assets – accounts payable

- advance payments by customers - contract liabilities project business

1 continuing Operations 2021

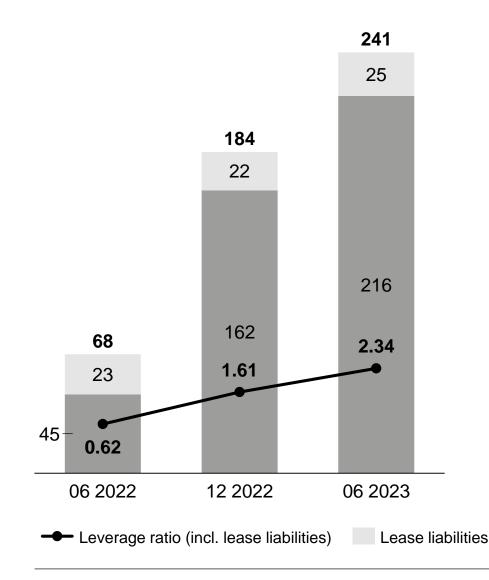
2 without Cirelius

3 based on FC June

15

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Net debt as of June 2023 In CHF M



D Net debt

Net debt

 Increase of CHF 57 M mainly due to capex (CHF 40 M) and dividend payment (CHF 20 M)

Leverage ratio

- · Leverage ratio with 2.3x temporarily too high
- Measures defined and in execution to reduce leverage well below 2x by year end

Real estate and land reserves

 Surplus real estate and land reserves not included in net debt calculation

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Agenda

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1. Group results H1 2023

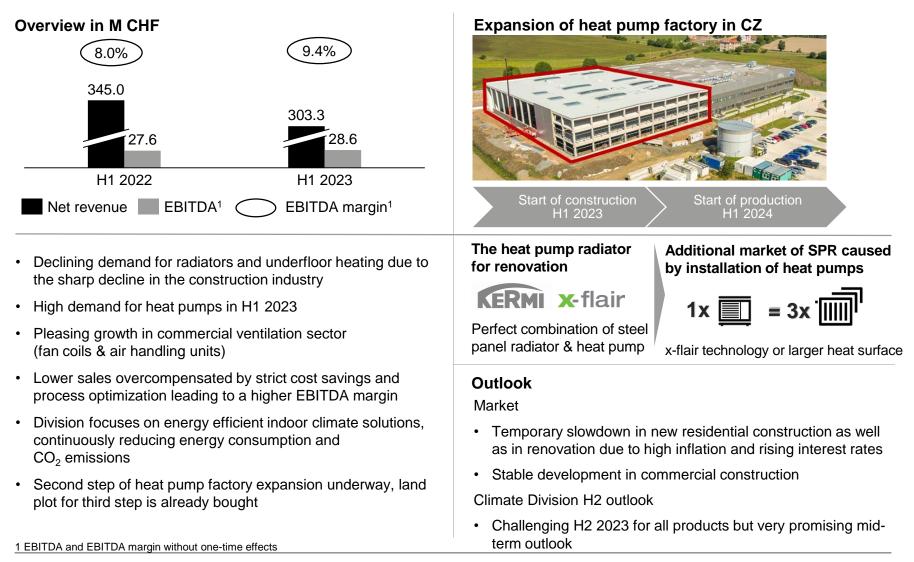
2. Divisions in H1 2023 and outlook

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Questions

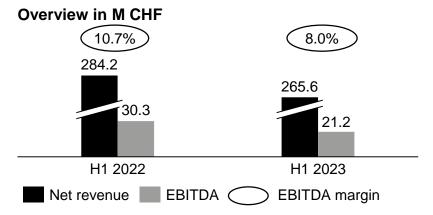
Divisions in H1 2023 and outlook Climate Division (former HVAC)

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Divisions in H1 2023 and outlook Doors Division

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- High level of automation allowed swift reduction of shifts, working hours and staff
- Adjusted for FX and one-time additional energy costs would have led to a double-digit EBITDA margin
- Sharp decline in the construction of new single and twofamily homes impacts dealer business for doors and shower enclosures

Wood Solutions Business Unit

- · Project business slightly increased against previous year
- Shift towards orders with smaller number of doors burdens internal processes and production

Glass Solution Business Unit

 Swiss market less impacted by economic turmoil and installer shortage

1 in term terms of revenue per FTE | 2 Combined Hear & Power plant | 3 DENA-Gebäudereport 2022

Completed and upcoming projects



- Logistics hub in Roggwil offering best in class delivery times in the Swiss market
- Investment cycle for Prüm and Garant will be largely completed this year. The investments increase blue collar productivity¹ by approx. 25% from 2020 to 2023e
- Start of production of CHP² at Prüm and start of construction at Garant. These will supply 100% of the heat needed and 45 – 55% of the electricity

Outlook

- Underlying demand for new residential buildings in Germany still high due to lack of free flats, backlog of building permits and net immigration
- Roughly 85% of German residential buildings are single and two-family homes with an increasing need of renovation³

H1 results 2023 | 22 August 2023

Agenda

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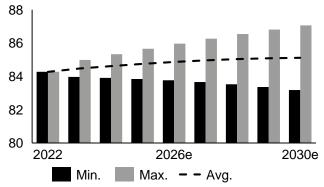
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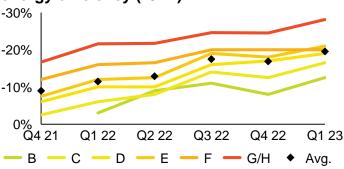
Questions

Demand for new flats steadily increasing Developments in the German housing market¹

Population forecast before migration of Ukrainian refugees (in M)²



Discount for MFH in comparison to high energy efficiency $(A/A+)^4$



Baseline

- Completions of new flats reached just 295k units in 2022, compared to a demand of ~400k annually
- The backlog of building permits for flats has reached >700k at the end of 2022
- The number of single-households has increased by ~240'000 since 2016 with the average living space per person increasing too²

Additional pressure

- Ongoing high demand for energy-saving renovation and energy-efficiency in new construction to reduce costs and to increase autonomy
- · German government calls for installation of 500k heat pumps annually
- Influx of >1 M refugees (incl. from Ukraine) in 2022, with experience showing a stay of 5 6 years before moving back and ~30% remaining
- Even without Ukrainian refugees the population is expected to grow by ~330k per year and reach ~85 M by 2030
- High energy prices and inflation lead to the number of people threatened by poverty (~13 M) to not decrease, whereas the number of flats in social housing has almost halved since 2007

The deficit of flats needed to house the current population is estimated to have reached 700'000 at the end of 2022

1 source: Verbändebündnis "Soziales Wohnen": Wohnen in der Krise 01.2023 & Destatis | 2 source: Destatis: Bevölkerungsvorausberechnung 2022 (taking birth rates, life expectancy and migration into account) | 3 source: Destatis: Mikrozensus 2022 | 4 source: JLL Germany (06.2023)

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German housing construction Permits and completion of flats

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Permits and completions per year¹ Permits per month¹ (in thousands) (in thousands) 400 40 30 300 295 200 20 100 10 0 0 22 Jan 23 Mar 23 May 23 06 08 12 16 18 20 22 21 10 14 Building permits — Building completions **Building permits** Multi-family houses Single- or two-family houses

- From the low-point of ~160k completion of flats in 2009, construction output has risen to its peak of >300k flats in 2020, never meeting the demand of 300 400k flats per year (government target to meet demand)
- Permits have outpaced completions since 2009, with the **backlog of permits reaching more than 700k by the end of 2022** and with the **share of completed multi-family houses growing from 25% to 51%** since 2005
- The **demand for low-rent flats remains high**, also due to migration, whereas rents due to ancillary expenses have significantly increased in urban centres and the number of flats in social housing has halved since 2007

source: Destatis (08/2023) 1 incl. permits in renovation subject to authorisation; permits in renovation are not divided into building types

German housing market

Components of rental costs (indexed)¹

High demand for housing and energy savings

(in percent) 200 100 +35% 150 50 100 50 -50 20 22 21 23 24 - Rent · Ancillary costs - Energy Credit checks from apartment seekers — New mortgages

- High deposit rates and the uncertainty in the economy are making the financing of single-family houses more ٠ challenging, whereas demand for housing in general remains high
- As a result single-family houses are currently not being built, people are not moving and the high leverage of big real • estate companies leading to a decrease in the construction and renovation of multi-family houses
- Uncertainty towards the new German household heating law (GEG) has also impacted energy efficient renovation, with ٠ households buying new oil- and gas-fired heating systems before they are banned (planned as of 2024)
- With the bottleneck of skilled craftsmen, the capacity has been taken away from steel panel radiator and partially even ٠ from heat pumps

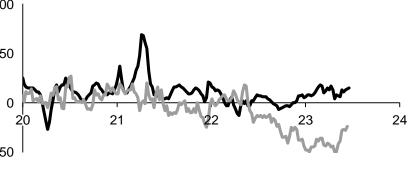
The large backlog in renovation and new construction continues to grow due to structural effects

source: Destatis, SCHUFA Holding (06/2023)

1 Consumer Price Index for rent (without heating), utility costs and household energy | 2 weekly change of credit checks from apartment seekers and new mortgages

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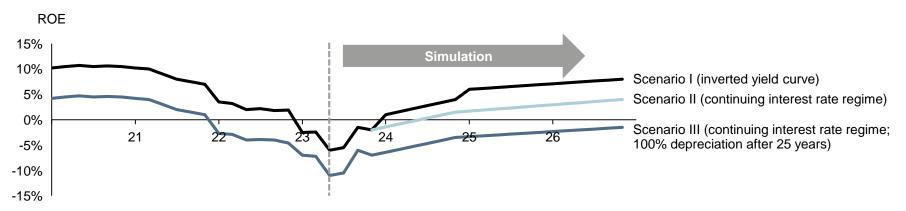
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Credit checks vs. new mortgages²

Unlocking demand in new construction and renovation **ARBONIA**

At current building and financing costs rents have to climb to EUR 22 per m² to make investments in real estate financially attractive again in Germany



- 1. Uncertainty because of the new household heating law (GEG) should end, which is driving an irrational demand for oil and gas fired systems, while prices for non-energy efficient houses are steadily declining
- 2. (Planned) GEG is providing generous subsidies of up to 70% for replacement of oil- and gas-fired systems with new energy-efficient heating system
- 3. Slowly declining material and energy costs are steadily improving the profitability of new construction projects
- 4. End of interest hikes by National banks foreseeable
- 5. With a decline in inflation and building costs, households will resume moving, opening up (empty) flats for renovation

With the given decrease in energy and material costs, stable interest rates and annual rent increases, new construction and paused renovations will resume to cover the large, pent-up demand¹

source: Swissforecast GmbH (07/2023) | 1 modell assumes a growth of rents of 3% annually

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Thank you

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Back-up

Well positioned for release of pent-up demand

Climate

- 1. Well positioned in key European HVAC markets
- 2. Portfolio in residential and commercial sector perfect for the energy transition
- 3. Specialised production network with modernised and state of the art factories
- 4. Attractive margin in challenging market environment

Doors

1. Arbonia Doors with its brands (Prüm, Garant, Joro, Kermi, RWD Schlatter, Bekon-Koralle, Invado) has a market leading position in their market segments

- 2. Highly automated production facilities allow a swift response to changing market demands and volumes resulting in reliable and short delivery times
- 3. End to end digitisation ensures efficient order processing and customer retention

Two well-positioned divisions, ready to build on competitive advantages, as soon as the pent-up demand is released

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Thank you